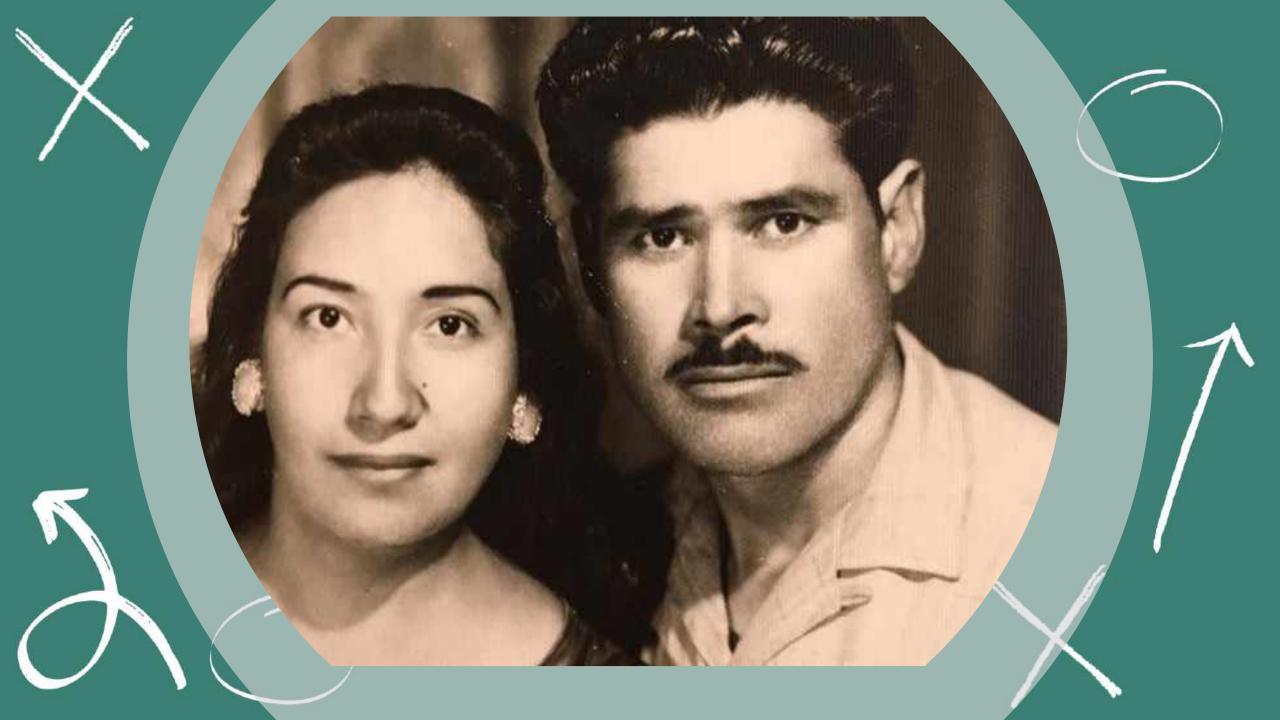
Game Changer

How Schools Make or Break Their Promise to Support All Students.









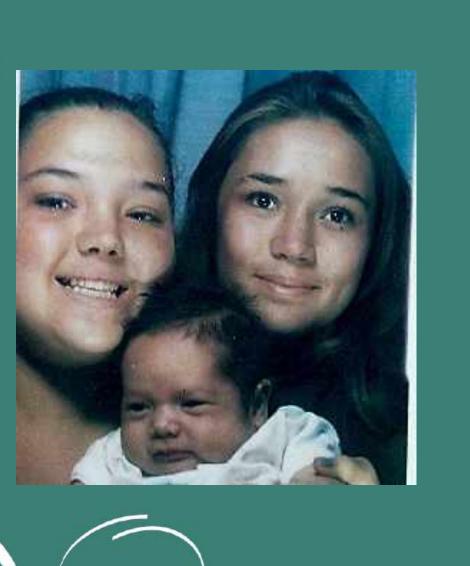


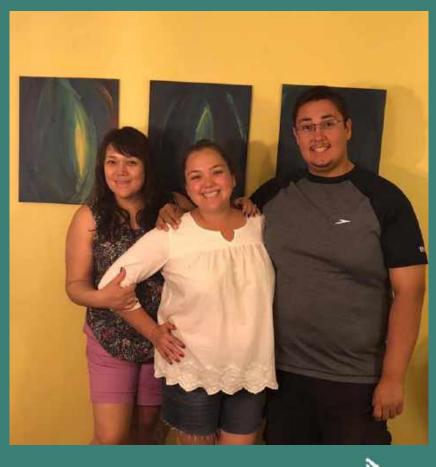


















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"The mission of the ABC School District is student achievement, preparing 80% of students to become responsible, successful contributors to our diverse society." "At ABC district we believe 2 out of 3 ain't bad."

Student Achievement

FOUNDATIONAL PREMISES OF EQUITY



1 FOCUS ON STUDENT ACHIEVEMENT

Student achievement and positive student outcomes must be the central focus of the work of school boards



ADDRESS OPPORTUNITY GAPS

Opportunity gaps exist in every school and in every district es.



RESPONSIBILITY OF SCHOOL BOARDS

School boards are responsible for setting expectations and making decisions that support educators in closing opportunity gaps.



BUILD RELATIONSHIPS

School boards must have trusting and collaborative relationships with the many communities they serve to be successful in these endeavors and model this for district staff.



COMMIT TO THE JOURNEY

Educational equity is an ongoing journey, not a fixed destinationes.

For more information and tools to support your equity journey visit: www.azsba.org/equity

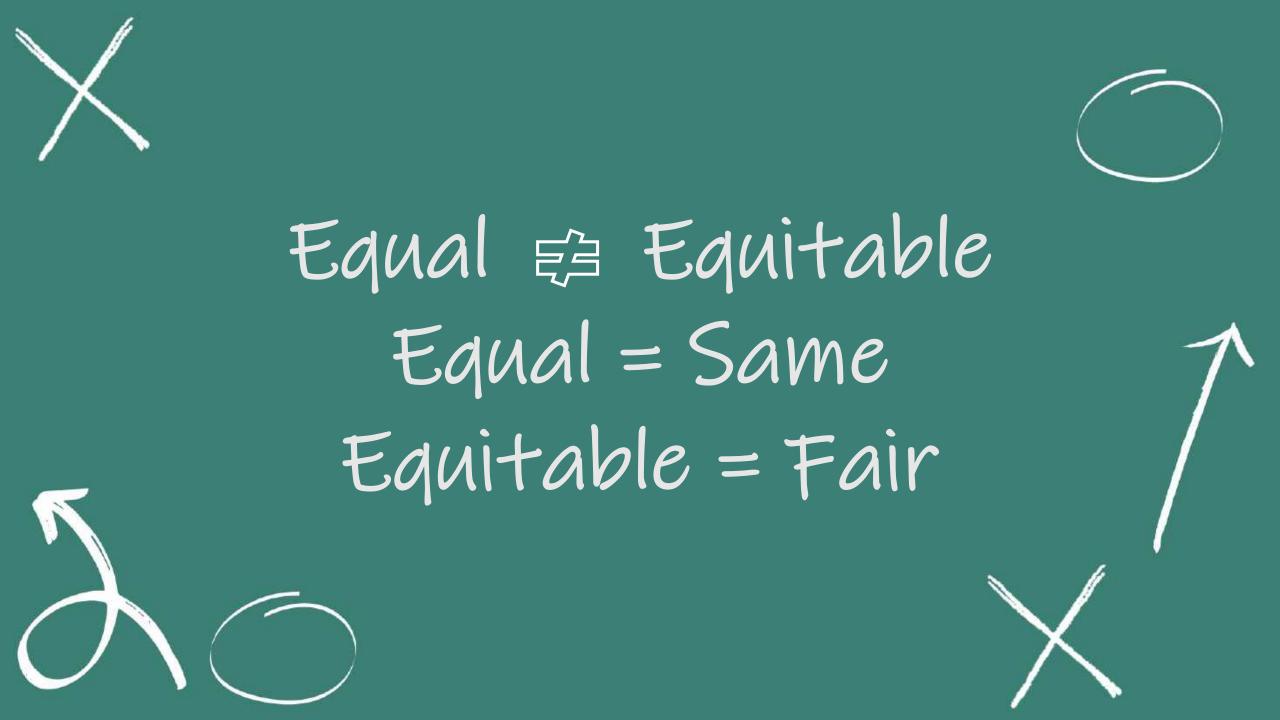
WHAT IT IS AND WHAT IT ISN'T

EQUITY IS...

- Believing that each and every student is capable of success
- Recognizing that students have different strengths and needs
- Acknowledging that opportunity and resulting achievement gaps exist
- Working to ensure every student has what they need to be successful

EQUITY ISN'T...

- Believing that one group is innately "bad" or oppressive
- Watering down expectations for any group of students
- Focused on blaming or shaming
- Taking from some to give to others.
- Punishing or penalizing White students/teachers/families







INFLUENCES, CHARACTERISTICS, CIRCUMSTANCES & EXPERIENCES

Race & ethnicity Gender, gender identity & sexual orientation Ability- physical & cognitive Immigration status Physical & emotional well-being Basic needs- food & shelter Safety & security Stability of home & family Shared language & culture Acceptance & understanding Location & proximity Resources & support More...

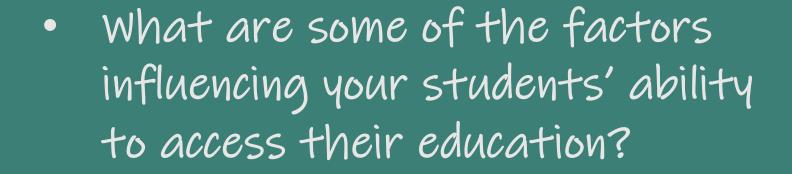
ACCESS (MEASURES)

- Can they get to school?
- What is the quality of the buildings, teachers and materials?
- What resources and opportunities are offered?
- Are they able to effectively receive instruction?
- Does the environment make them feel included and safe?

OUTCOMES (IMPACT)

- Academics
- Attendance
- Behavior
- Awards & recognition

Questions:

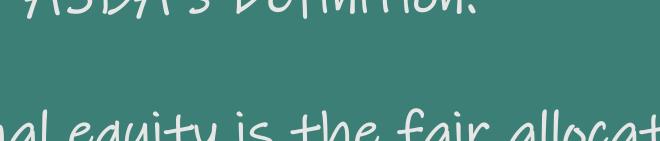


 Is that impacting outcomes in your district?









Educational equity is the fair allocation of resources, based on need, to address opportunity gaps and promote equitable outcomes for every student.





EXAMPLES OF EDUCATIONAL EQUITY

- Review of student data disaggregated by populations (race, gender, sp.ed., homeless, etc.)
- Title I funds
- Differentiated Learning Strategies
- Access to gifted / honors / A.P. courses
- Social Emotional Learning (e.g. emotion/ behavior regulation and communication strategies)

- Library books with diverse main characters
- Protocols that require student/family voice
- Gender-neutral dress codes
- Clothing and food closets
- McKinney Vento
- More...

Technology grants



Education Cycle











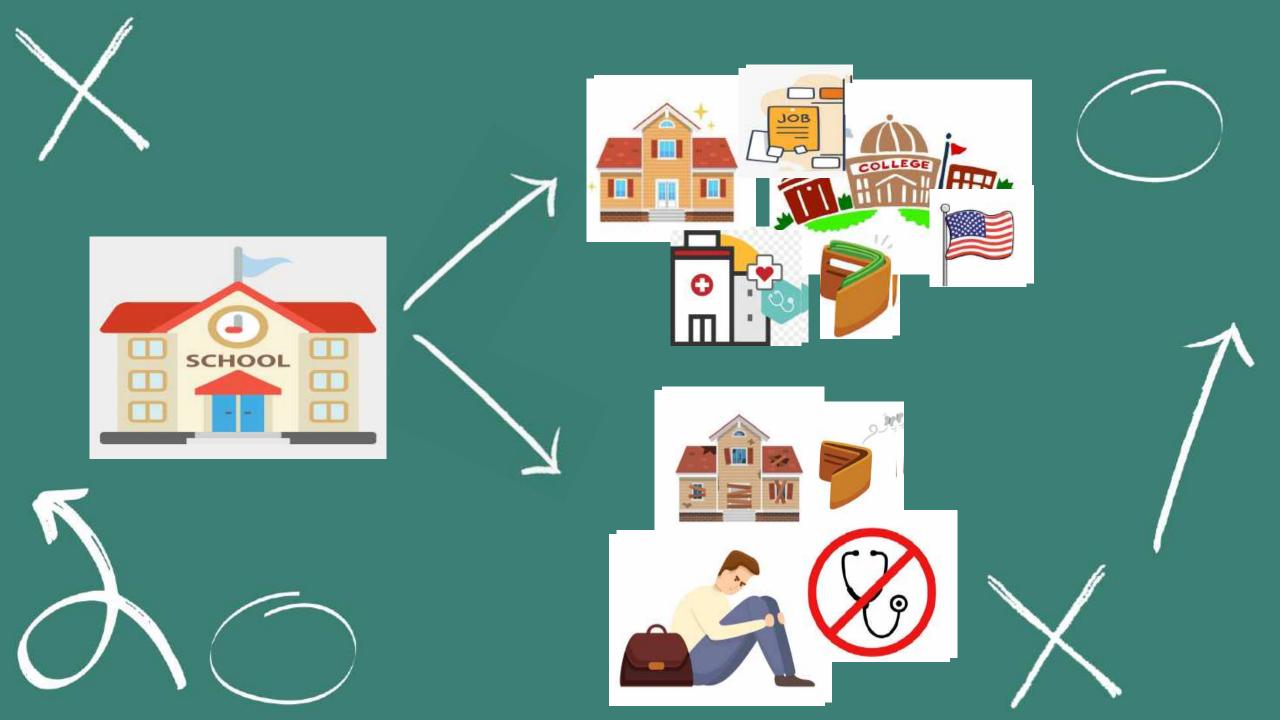
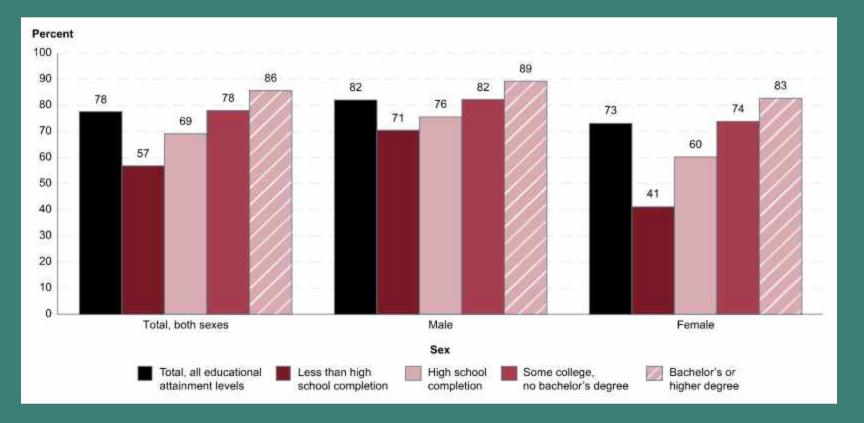


Figure 1. Employment rates of 25- to 34-year-olds, by sex and educational attainment: 2020

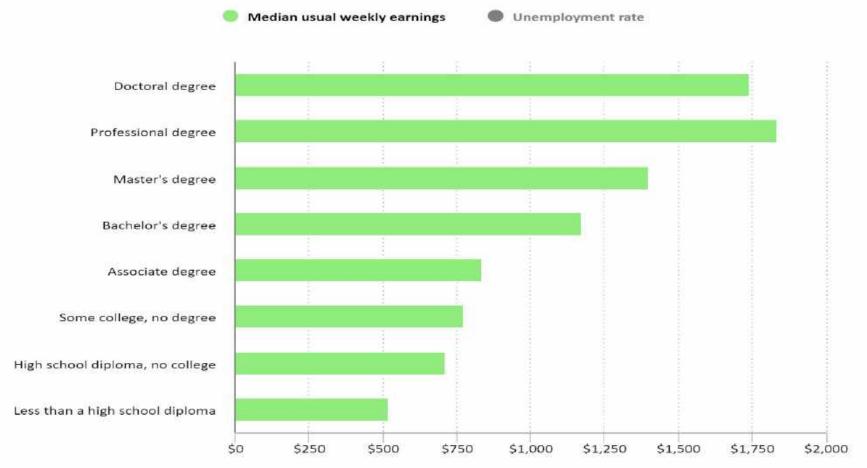


NOTE: Data are based on sample surveys of the civilian noninstitutionalized population, which excludes persons living in institutions (e.g., prisons or nursing facilities) and all military personnel. The employment rate, or employment to population ratio, is the number of persons in each group who are employed as a percentage of the civilian noninstitutionalized population in that group. "Some college, no bachelor's degree" includes persons with an associate's degree. "High school completion" includes equivalency credentials, such as the GED. Caution should be used when comparing 2020 estimates to those of prior years due to the impact that the coronavirus pandemic had on interviewing and response rates. For additional information about the impact of the coronavirus pandemic on the Current Population Survey data collection, please see https://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/ops/techdoos/opsmar20.pdf. Although rounded numbers are displayed, the figures are based on unrounded data.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Census Bureau, Current Population Survey (CPS), Annual Social and Economic Supplement, 2020. See Digest of Education Statistics 2020, tables 501.50, 501.50, and 501.70.



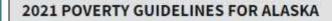




Click legend items to change data display. Hover over chart to view data.

Note: Data are for persons age 25 and over. Earnings are for full-time wage and salary workers.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.



Persons in family/household	Poverty guideline
1	\$16,090
2	\$21,770
3	\$27,450
4	\$33,130
5	\$38,810
6	\$44,490
7	\$50,170
8	\$55,850

For families/households with more than 8 persons, add \$5,680 for each additional person.

Social Determinants of Health



Social determinants of health (SDOH) have a major impact on people's health, well-being, and quality of life.

Examples of SDOH include:

- •Safe housing, transportation, and neighborhoods
- •Racism, discrimination, and violence
- · Education, job opportunities, and income
- •Access to nutritious foods and physical activity opportunities
- •Polluted air and water
- ·Language and literacy skills

Healthy People 2030, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Disease Prevention and Health Promotion. Retrieved [date graphic was accessed], from https://health.gov/healthypeople/objectives-anddata/social-determinants-health.



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Education Cycle















Education Cycle









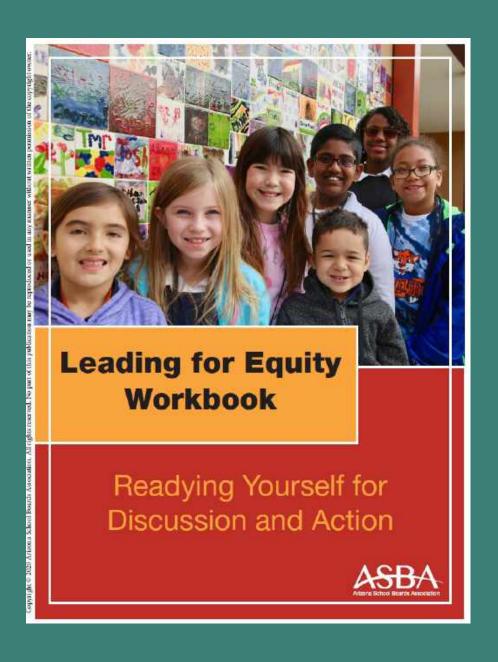
















Leading for Equity Pathways



Define Equity in Your Community

Dig Into Data



Embed Equity System Wide

Demonstrate Your Commitment





Breakout today! Your Role in Equity



ASBA Equity Website: www.azsba.org/equity





